

Lecture 15: Cohomology of Noetherian Affine Schemes

Note Title

11/2/2019

Theorem 1 (Serre) X : Noetherian scheme

TFAE ① X affine

② $H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = 0, \forall i > 0, \mathcal{F}$: quasi-coherent

③ $H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = 0, \forall i > 0, \mathcal{F}$: coherent ideal

Remark: \mathbb{C} is true for affine replaced by Stein.

Key lemma: I injective module over a Noetherian ring A
 $\Rightarrow \tilde{I}$ is a flasque sheaf on $X = \text{Spec} A$.

Theorem 2: $X = \text{Spec} A, A$: Noetherian

\mathcal{F} : quasi-coherent sheaf on X

$\Rightarrow H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = 0, \forall i > 0$

pf: $M = \Gamma(X, \mathcal{F})$. w/ injective resolution $0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow I^\bullet$
 A -modules

$\rightsquigarrow 0 \rightarrow \tilde{M} \rightarrow \tilde{I}^\bullet$ flasque resolution
 \parallel
 \mathcal{F}
can calculate the cohomology

$\Gamma \downarrow$
 $0 \rightarrow \Gamma(X, \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \Gamma(X, \tilde{I}^\bullet)$ exact
 \parallel \parallel
 M I^\bullet

$\Rightarrow H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = 0, \forall i > 0$

(Proof of Theorem 1) $\textcircled{1} \xRightarrow{\text{Theorem 2}} \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow \textcircled{3}$ ✓

$\textcircled{3} \Rightarrow \textcircled{1}$

Lemma 1: A scheme X is affine iff $\exists f_1, \dots, f_r \in A = \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$
 s.t. X_{f_i} affine & f_1, \dots, f_r generate $1 \in A$

$\forall p \in X$, choose an affine open set $U \ni p$, $Y = X \setminus U$
 $p \in \text{Spec } A$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{Y|U|p} \rightarrow \mathcal{I}_Y \rightarrow k(p) \rightarrow 0$$

$\cong \mathcal{O}_p / \mathfrak{m}_p$

$$\Rightarrow T(X, \mathcal{I}_{Y|U|p}) \rightarrow T(X, \mathcal{I}_Y) \rightarrow T(X, k(p)) \rightarrow H^1(X, \mathcal{I}_{Y|U|p})$$

$= 0$

i.e. $\exists f \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{I}_Y) \subseteq \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$ s.t. $f_p \notin \mathfrak{m}_p$

$$X_f = \{ x \in X \mid f_x \notin \mathfrak{m}_x \} \subseteq U \cong \text{Spec } A$$

$f \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{I}_Y)$
 $\mathcal{I}_Y = 0$

$$\Rightarrow X_f \cong \text{Spec } A_f$$

affine

$$\Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \rightarrow \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_U)$$

$f \mapsto f$

In other words, every point there is an affine neighborhood

$$X_f, f \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$$

X Noetherian $\Rightarrow \exists$ finite affine open cover $X_{f_i}, i=1, \dots, r$
 thus quasi-compact

It suffices to prove that f_i generate $1 \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i=1}^r \mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{\quad} \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow 0 \quad \because X_{f_i} \text{ cover } X$$

$$a_i \longmapsto \sum a_i f_i$$

$$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{F} \cap \mathcal{O}_X^r \cong \mathcal{F} \cap \mathcal{O}_X^{r-1} \cong \dots \cong \mathcal{F} \cap \mathcal{O}_X$$

Successive quotients are coherent sheaf $\Rightarrow H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = 0$

$$\therefore \Gamma(X, \bigoplus_{i=1}^r \mathcal{O}_X) \rightarrow \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = A$$

$$\begin{matrix} \uparrow & & \downarrow \\ a_i & \longmapsto & \sum a_i f_i = 1 \end{matrix}$$

Proof of Lemma:

Recall $\text{Hom}_{\text{ring}}(A, \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)) \cong \text{Hom}_{\text{sch}}(X, \text{Spec } A)$

$$\text{id} \longmapsto (X \xrightarrow{f} \text{Spec } A)$$

take $A = \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$

Notice that $\Gamma(X_{f_i}, \mathcal{O}_{X_{f_i}}) \cong A_{f_i}$

$\bullet a \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X), a|_{X_{f_i}} = 0 \Rightarrow \exists n, f_i^n a = 0$

$\bullet b \in \Gamma(X_{f_i}, \mathcal{O}_{X_{f_i}}) \Rightarrow \exists n, f_i^n b \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A = \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) & & X \xrightarrow{f} \text{Spec } A \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \text{res} & \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ A_{f_i} \cong \Gamma(X_{f_i}, \mathcal{O}_{X_{f_i}}) & \cong & X_{f_i} \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Spec } A_{f_i} \\ & & \text{affine} \end{array}$$

f_i generate $1 \in A \Rightarrow X_{f_i}$ affine open cover of X

$$\Rightarrow X \cong \text{Spec } A$$